MOT CHARTER SCHOOL (A Component Unit of the State of Delaware) Middletown, Delaware

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2005

MOT CHARTER SCHOOL (A Component Unit of the State of Delaware)

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Dover, Delaware 800.355.8210 Media, Pennsylvania

610.565.5222

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

202 Bancroft Building 3411 Silverside Road Wilmington, Delaware 19810 302.478.8940

> FAX: 302.478.0133 www.btcpa.com info@btcpa.com

July 29, 2005

Board of Directors MOT Charter School Middletown, Delaware

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of MOT Charter School (the "School"), Middletown, Delaware (a component unit of the State of Delaware) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the School's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. The prior year summarized comparative information in the fund financial statements has been derived from the School's financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004 and, in our report dated August 20, 2004, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those fund financial statements.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of MOT Charter School as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 29, 2005, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and the budgetary information on pages 2 through 9 and page 27, respectively, are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise MOT Charter School's basic financial statements. The schedules on pages 28-30 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. These schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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THORNTON
& COMPANY
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SECTION

MOT CHARTER SCHOOL MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of MOT Charter School's financial performance provides an overview of the School's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2005, which is the School's third full year of operation. Please read it in conjunction with the Independent Auditors' Report on page 1 and the School's financial statements, which begin on page 8.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The School's net assets increased by \$530,893, and general revenues accounted for \$4.5 million, or 93 percent, of total revenues.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual financial report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the School as a whole, and then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about School finances is, "Is the School better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the School as a whole and about its activities in a manner that helps to answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector corporations. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into consideration regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School's net assets and changes in them. The change in net assets provides the reader with a tool to assist in determining whether the School's financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader will need to consider other nonfinancial factors such as student enrollment growth and facility conditions in arriving at a conclusion regarding the overall health of the School.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the School's major funds and fund financial statements begins on page 11 and provides detailed information about the most significant funds, not the School as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State statute, while other funds are established by the School to help manage money for particular purposes and compliance with various grant provisions. The School's two types of funds, governmental and fiduciary, use different accounting approaches as further described in the notes to the financial statements.

MOT CHARTER SCHOOL MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Governmental Funds

Most of the Charter School's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified accrual method of accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps one determine whether there are more or less financial resources available to spend in the near future to finance the School's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. Activities relating to capital assets, long-term debt and compensated absences are the primary reconciling items.

Fiduciary Funds

The School is fiduciary for its student activity assets that, due to a fiduciary arrangement, can be used only for student activities. All of the School's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets on page 15. These activities are excluded from the School's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the School to finance its operations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the School, assets exceeded liabilities by \$487,081 at the close of the fiscal year. The largest portion of the School's net assets consists of unrestricted funds. The School uses capital assets to provide services; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

A comparative net assets analysis of fiscal years 2005-2004 follows:

Table 1 NET ASSETS

	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS:	2005	2004	
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 855,093 <u>6,005,912</u>	\$ 434,176 <u>6,171,826</u>	
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>6,861,005</u>	_6,606,002	
LIABILITIES: Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	5,945,761 428,163	6,334,364 315,450	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,373,924	6,649,814	
NET ASSETS: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	227,748 259,333	107,462 (151,274)	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	<u>\$_487.081</u>	<u>\$ (43,812)</u>	

MOT CHARTER SCHOOL MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Cash increased as a result of an increase in receipts over expenses during the fiscal year.

Table 2
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Governmen	ital Activities
Den and an analysis	2005	2004
REVENUES		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 142,977	\$ 131,875
Operating grants and contributions	223,444	197,800
General Revenues:	·	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Charges to school districts	1,000,795	672,296
State aid not restricted	3,467,078	2,736,459
Earnings on cash and investments	18,261	7,562
Other	<u>62,223</u>	95,644
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>4,914,778</u>	_3,841,636
EXPENSES		
Instructional services	2,897,678	2,441,518
Supporting Services:	2,077,070	2,441,516
Operation and maintenance of facilities	498,414	504,084
Transportation	430,560	337,701
School lunch service	221,407	·
Interest on long-term debt	335,826	203,632
•	333,826	<u>343,835</u>
TOTAL EXPENSES	4,383,885	3,830,770
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	<u>\$ 530,893</u>	<u>\$ 10.866</u>

This year was the third full year of operations for the School. The increase in revenues during the current year was due primarily to the receipt of the federal REAP grant, as well as the approval by the State of Delaware for a waiver of the 12.5 hour requirement for special education.

The School's enrollment increased by 75 students in its third full year of operations, which led to increased funding and operating costs.

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the School's governmental activities increased by \$530,893, and unrestricted net assets reflect a positive balance of \$259,333.

MOT CHARTER SCHOOL MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The table below reflects the cost of program services and the net cost of those services after taking into account the program revenues for governmental activities. General revenues that include charges to School Districts, investment earnings and state entitlements must support the net cost of the School's programs.

	2005		20	04	
Governmental Activities:	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost	
Instructional services	\$2,897,678	\$2,674,234	\$2,441,518	\$2,243,718	
Operation and maintenance of facilities	498,414	498,414	504,084	504,084	
Transportation	430,560	430,560	337,701	337,701	
School lunch service	221,407	78,430	203,632	71,757	
Interest on long-term debt	<u>335,826</u>	335,826	<u>343,835</u>	343,835	
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$4,383,885</u>	<u>\$4,017,464</u>	<u>\$3.830,770</u>	\$3.501.095	

The reliance on general revenues to support governmental activities is indicated by the net services column reflecting the need for \$4,017,464 of support from general revenues which comprise 92.5 percent of total revenues.

THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

The School's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 11) reported a combined liability and fund balance of \$855,093. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balances as of June 30, 2005.

	2005	2004
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 383,321</u>	\$ 294,324
Fund Balances: Reserved for encumbrances General fund Capital projects fund Total Fund Balances	4,712 401,953 <u>65,107</u> <u>471,772</u>	3,140 89,759 <u>46,953</u> 139,852
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 855,093</u>	<u>\$ 434.176</u>

General Funds

The School's general fund balance increase is due to many factors. The information that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and balance of the general fund.

MOT CHARTER SCHOOL MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

	Governmental Funds		
REVENUES:	2005	2004	
Charges to school districts	\$ 1,000,795	\$ 672,296	
State aid	3,521,247	2,782,268	
Federal aid	167,909	146,263	
Earnings on cash and investments	18,261	7,562	
Contributions and other local sources	63,589	101,372	
Food service	142,977	<u> 131,875</u>	
TOTAL	<u>\$ 4,914.778</u>	<u>\$ 3.841.636</u>	

The largest portion of general funds expenditures is for salaries and other employment costs. The School is a service entity and as such is labor intensive.

	Governmental Funds	
EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT:	2005	2004
Salaries Employment costs Travel	\$ 1,820,159 635,089 2,145	\$ 1,547,203 524,586
Contractual services	202,769	4,911 169,535
Public utilities service Insurance	90,216	68,006
Transportation - buses	16,900 430,560	17,909 337,701
Land/Building/Facilities Repairs and maintenance	159,129 55,159	143,507
Supplies and materials	372,345	33,253 392,981
Computer software Capital outlay - equipment	3,109 27,868	1,213 42,292
Capital outlay - property	42,981	42,292
Debt service - principal Debt service - interest	388,603 335,826	185,026
TOTAL	\$ 4.582.858	<u>343,835</u> \$ 3,811,958

The current year increase in expenditures at the fund level is due primarily to the addition of two new staff positions and an increase in staff salaries, as well as the completion of the science lab.

Revenues exceeded expenditures during the fiscal year resulting in an increase in fund balance.

The increase in revenues during the current year was due primarily to the receipt of the federal REAP grant, as well as the approval by the State of Delaware for a waiver of the 12.5 hour requirement for special education.

The School's enrollment increased by 75 students in its third full year of operations, which led to increased funding and operating costs.

MOT CHARTER SCHOOL MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

GENERAL FUND BUDGET INFORMATION

The School's budget is prepared in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device throughout the year with monthly reports to the Board of Directors.

The following are explanations for the more significant variances between budget versus actual revenues and expenditures as shown on page 27.

Revenues

- 1. State revenues are larger than expected because:
 - a. We originally projected the 509 money in the federal area when it is actually part of our state allocation.
 - b. We originally projected receiving less for transportation than we actually received and paid to the transportation company.
 - c. Waivers, unit count reading specialist funding and employee makeup resulted in higher funding that our original estimates did not include.
- 2. Local revenues are larger than expected because:
 - a. The makeup of our student body, in conjunction with the special education waiver, has resulted in additional local funds.
- Federal revenues are less than expected because:
 - a. We originally projected the 509 money in the federal area when it is actually part of our state allocation, and a reduction in Title 4.
- 4. Other revenues are larger than expected because:
 - a. We received money from the state to help with the cost of mentoring.
 - b. We received money from the Children's Cost Service Recovery Program.
 - c. Other revenue appropriation is higher due to:
 - 1) Reimbursements from WSFS for field trips and other flow-through purchases
 - 2) Promissory note payments from prior auction, subsequently moved to PTO
 - 3) Universal Service Fund
 - 4) Lost book payments
 - 5) Jeans Day revenues
 - 6) Lifetouch revenues
 - 7) Boxtops for education and target programs
 - d. Cafeteria revenues were higher than expected.
 - e. Club revenues were higher than expected.
 - f. Pass-through appropriations such as school store and student government which were not in the original budget as revenues
 - g. Library and textbook grant money for 2006 was distributed early.

MOT CHARTER SCHOOL MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Expenses

- 1. <u>Salaries</u> over budget due to addition of new reading specialist and student conduct specialist positions, and increased salaries with the mid-year raises.
- 2. OECs under budget due to the state share for health insurance for new employees not applying for the first 90 days of employment and changes made by employees in levels of coverage for various family status changes.
- 3. <u>Contractual Services</u> over budget due to additional staff development workshops requested by staff.
- 4. <u>Public Utilities Services</u> over budget due to additional costs for using dehumidifiers and an increase in water/sewer costs due to the delay in going to a public sewer system.
- 5. <u>Transportation</u> over budget due to higher than expected contract costs.
- 6. Repairs and Maintenance over budget due to additional costs for dehumidifying the building.
- 7. <u>Facilities</u> over budget caused by increased cleaning costs due to the new cleaning company; increased water/sewer costs due to the delay in going to a public sewer system; increases in electricity costs due to using dehumidifiers; additional building maintenance costs due to paying the disputed Sieberlich bill for \$10,000; higher than expected costs for the new HVAC company; and lawn care.
- 8. <u>Instructional Supplies</u> over budget due to DSTP test prep booklets and supplies for the new reading specialist, as well as additional novels, leveled books and supplemental student resource books.
- 9. Other Supplies over budget due mainly to additional cafeteria expenses. Most of those extra expenses are offset by higher revenues, while some are a result of using last year's carry-over money.
- 10. <u>Debt</u> over budget due to increase in interest rates, paying off the equipment loan and early payment of the Kershaw debt.

As the School begins its fourth year of operations, it will continue to use its historical trends based on prior year experience and anticipated future performance based on continued growth to better estimate certain budget line items.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The School has \$6,005,912 invested in capital assets, net of depreciation, all of which is attributed to governmental activities. Acquisitions for governmental activities totaled \$67,216. The majority of the acquisitions were for completion of the School's science lab. Detailed information regarding capital asset activity is included in the notes to the basic financial statements.

MOT CHARTER SCHOOL MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current fiscal year, MOT Charter School has total debt outstanding of \$5,945,761. This majority of the debt is a direct result of the construction of the new school facility located in Middletown, Delaware. This debt is split 50/50 between the Wilmington Savings Fund Society and the U.S. Department of Agriculture, and the school building is held as collateral against these loans.

FACTORS EXPECTED TO HAVE AN EFFECT ON FUTURE OPERATIONS

Fiscal year 2005 was the third year of operation as a functioning school. The financial model the School has developed is based on the funding formula currently in effect under the Delaware Charter School law. If the funding formula for charter schools changes, adjustments to the underlying assumptions of the model will have to be made.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our fellow citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School's finances and to show the School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the School's Business Manager at (302) 376-5125.

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	BASIC FINANCIAL STATEME	NTS SECTION	
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MOT CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2005

	Governme	ntal Activities
	2005	2004
ASSETS	<u></u>	
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 855,093	\$ 408,557
Due from other governments	<u> </u>	<u>25,619</u>
Total Current Assets	<u>855,093</u>	<u>434,176</u>
Noncurrent Assets:		
Land	75,000	75,000
Capital assets, net of depreciation	<u>5,930,912</u>	6,096,826
Total Noncurrent Assets	6,005,912	6,171,826
TOTAL ASSETS	\$6,861,005	\$6,606,00 <u>2</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 18,515
Accrued salaries	336,946	245,947
Due to State of Delaware - pension costs	46,375	29,862
Notes payable	<u> 183,279</u>	<u>267,585</u>
Total Current Liabilities	<u>566,600</u>	<u> 561,909</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Compensated absences	44,842	21,126
Notes payable	<u>5,762,482</u>	6,066,779
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	5,807,324	6,087,905
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,373,924	6,649,814
NET ASSETS:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	227,748	107,462
Unrestricted	259,333	(151,274)
		1.7.12/7
TOTAL NET ASSETS	<u>487,081</u>	(43,812)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$6,861,005	<u>\$6,606,002</u>

MOT CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Net (Expense) Revenues and	Changes in Net Assets	Total	\$ (2,674,234)	(498,414) (430,560) (78,430) (335,826)	(4,017,464)	1,000,795 3,467,078 18,261 62,223 4,548,357	530,893	(43,812)	\$ 487,081
	Capital Grants and	Contributions	· ∽	1 1 1 1	3				
Program Revenues	Operating Grants and	Contributions	\$ 223,444		\$ 223,444	districts mary government and investments es FENUES	SETS	INING OF YEAR	JF YEAR
	Charges for	Services	- 5	142,977	\$ 142,977	GENERAL REVENUES Charges to school districts Payments from primary government Earnings on cash and investments Other local sources TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES	CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR
		Expenses	\$(2,897,678)	(498,414) (430,560) (221,407) (335,826)	\$(4,383,885)				

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
Instructional services
Supporting services:
Operation and maintenance
of facilities
Transportation
Food service
Interest on long-term debt

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MOT CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets Total \$ (2,243,718)	(504,084) (337,701) (71,757) (343,835) (3,501,095)	672,296 2,736,459 7,562 95,644 3,511,961	10,866	(54,678)
Capital Grants and Contributions				
Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions \$ 197,800		i districts mary government and investments es FRUUES	ETS	NING OF YEAR F YEAR
Charges for Services	131,875	GENERAL REVENUES Charges to school districts Payments from primary government Earnings on cash and investments Other local sources TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES	CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR
<u>Expenses</u> \$(2,441,518)	(504,084) (337,701) (203,632) (343,835) \$\overline{x}\$			

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
Instructional services
Supporting services:
Operation and maintenance
of facilities
Transportation
Food service
Interest on long-term debt

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MOT CHARTER SCHOOL BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

	General	Capital		tals
ASSETS	Fund	<u>Projects</u>	2005	2004
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 789,986	\$ 65,107	\$ 855,093	\$ 408,557
Due from other governments	•	-		<u>25,619</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 789.986</u>	\$ 65,107	\$ 855,093	<u>\$ 434.176</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,515
Accrued salaries	336,946	-	336,946	245,947
Due to State of DE - pension costs	<u>46,375</u>	-	<u>46,375</u>	29,862
Total Liabilities	383,321	-	383,321	294,324
FUND BALANCES:				
Reserved for encumbrances Reserved for:	4,712	-	4,712	3,140
General fund - textbooks/library	50,749	-	50,749	38,683
Capital projects Unreserved:	-	65,107	65,107	46,953
General fund	351,204	_	<u>351,204</u>	E1 074
Total Fund Balances	406,665	65,107	471,772	<u>51,076</u> <u>139,852</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND				
BALANCES	<u>\$ 789,986</u>	<u>\$ 65,107</u>	\$ 855,093	<u>\$ 434.176</u>

MOT CHARTER SCHOOL RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2005

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ 471,772

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation as detailed in the footnotes are included in the statement of net assets.

6,005,912

Long-term liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current year and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Those liabilities consist of:

Compensated absences
Notes payable and capital lease

(44,842)

(5,945,761)

(5,990,603)

TOTAL NET ASSETS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 487.081

MOT CHARTER SCHOOL
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

2004	\$ 672,296 131,875 2,782,268	146,263 7,562 5,728	95,644 3,841,636	2,328,495	354,084 337,700 16,894 203,632	42,292	185,026 343,835 3,811,958 29,678	25,872 (25,872) 270,000 270,000	299,678	(159,826)	\$ 139,852
2005 Totals	\$1,000,795 142,977 3,521,247	167,909 18,261 1,366	62.223 4.914,778	2,773,803	347,536 430,560 14,274 221,407	27,868 42,981	388, 603 335, 826 4, 582, 858 331, 920	17,787 (17,787)	331,920	139,852	\$ 471,772
Capital <u>Projects</u>	 	367	367	•	1111	1 1	367	17,787	18,154	46,953	\$ 65,107
General Fund	\$1,000,795 142,977 3,521,247	15, 909 17, 894 1, 366 67, 273	4,914,411	2,773,803	347,536 430,560 14,274 221,407	27,868 42,981	388,603 335,826 4,582,858 331,553	(17,787) - - - (17,787)	313,766	92,899	\$ 406,665
	Charges to school districts Charges for services State aid	Earnings on cash and investments Contributions Other local sources	TOTAL REVENUES EXPENDITURES CURRENT:	Instructional services Operation and maintenance of	facilities Transportation Accounting and auditing Food services	Equipment Property Debt service:	Principal Interest TOTAL EXPENDITURES EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (115F5)	Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from financing TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MOT CHARTER SCHOOL RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ 331,920

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500 are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.

Capital Outlays
Depreciation Expense

\$ 67,216 (233,130)

(165,914)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., notes, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets.

Payment of note principal

388,603

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Compensated absences

(23,716)

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

530.893

MOT CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - AGENCY FUND JUNE 30, 2005

ASSETS	Student Activities Fund
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 40.621
LIABILITIES	
Due to student groups	<u>\$ 40.621</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of the Charter School

MOT Charter School is organized under Delaware Code, Title 14, Chapter 5 of the State of Delaware. The Charter School Law grants authority for independent public schools to be created for the purpose of increasing choices for parents of public school students and increasing academic performance. A charter school is an independent public school governed by an independent board of directors. In Delaware, charter schools have the same basic standing as a school district with some exceptions - most notably, they may not levy taxes. To encourage innovation, charter schools operate free from a number of state laws and regulations. An initial charter is granted for a three-year period, renewable every five years thereafter.

Charter schools are funded similarly to other public schools in that state and local funds are allocated for each enrolled student. Public funds are not provided for facilities. Charter schools may charge for selected additional costs consistent with those permitted by other school districts. Because a charter school receives local, state and federal funds, they may not charge tuition.

The financial statements of MOT Charter School have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of MOT Charter School (the "School") are described below.

Reporting Entity

The School is the primary government and is considered a component unit of the State of Delaware. A component unit, although a legally separate entity, is, in substance, part of the State of Delaware's operations. The School has no component units for which it is considered to be financially accountable.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the School. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these financial statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (cont'd)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Charges to the School are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are billed. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, early retirement and post-employment healthcare benefits, are recorded only when payment is due.

Charges to the school districts, state appropriations and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the School receives cash.

The School reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund. The general fund is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Capital Projects Fund. Accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for the acquisition and improvement of sites, construction and remodeling of facilities, and procurement of equipment necessary for providing educational programs for all students within the School.

Additionally, the School reports the following fund type:

 Student Activities Agency Fund (a fiduciary fund). Accounts for assets held on behalf of student groups.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to students for special fees, supplies or services provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include charges to school districts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School's cash and investments are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., current portion of interfund loans) or "advances from/to other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). At June 30, 2005, the School had no such activity.

Advances between funds, when present, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in the applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include leasehold improvements, and furniture and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The School defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives of the assets are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest cost incurred during construction is not capitalized.

Capital assets of the School are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. The School generally uses the following estimated useful lives:

Furniture and fixtures 7 years
Buildings 40 years
Equipment 5-10 years

Compensated Absences

Vacation pay plus related payroll taxes are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only when the liability matures, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Vacation - Twelve-month employees can accumulate up to 42 days of vacation. Any days in excess of 42 are dropped as of July 1 of each year. Employees are paid for unused vacation upon termination, retirement, etc. at the current rate of pay.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (cont'd)

Sick Leave - Sick leave allowances are as follows: teachers shall be allowed 10 days of sick leave per year and annual employees earn one day of sick leave for each month worked. Any unused sick days shall be accumulated to the employee's credit up to a maximum of 120 days. Compensation for accumulated sick days is received when employees (a) qualify and apply for state pension and are paid at a rate of 50 percent of the per diem rate of pay not to exceed 120 days; or (b) in the case of death, when payment is made to the employee's estate at a rate of one day's pay for each day of unused sick leave not to exceed 120 days.

The compensated absences liability was \$44,842 and \$21,126 at June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year is presented in the basic financial statements to provide an understanding of changes in the School's financial position and operations. That comparative data is not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and has been restated and reclassified, as needed, from the presentation in the School's June 30, 2004 basic financial statements to be comparative with the current year presentation.

NOTE 2 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At June 30, 2005, the School has a cash equivalent balance of \$895,714. Of that amount, \$789,986 is part of an investment pool controlled by the personnel of the State Treasurer's Office in Dover, Delaware, and all investment decisions are made by the State Treasurer's Office. These funds are considered to be highly liquid and available for immediate use and, thus, are recorded as cash equivalents in these financial statements.

The funds held by the State of Delaware investment pool, an internal investment pool, are specifically identified for the School, but the credit risk cannot be categorized for these funds. Credit risk for such investments depends on the financial stability of the State of Delaware. The State reports that its investment securities are stated at quoted market prices, except that investment securities with a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less are stated at cost or amortized cost.

At June 30, 2005, the reported amount of the School's deposits not held with the State Treasurer's Office was \$105,728 and the bank balance was \$105,880. Of the balance, \$100,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining balance of \$5,880 was not insured or collateralized and, therefore, was subject to custodial credit risk.

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2005 is as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Balances			Balances
General capital assets not being depreciated:	<u> 7/01/04</u>	<u>Increases</u>	(Decreases)	6/30/05
Land Total general capital assets	<u>\$ 75,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 75,000
not being depreciated	<u>75,000</u>			75,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS (cont'd)

Governmental Activities:	Balances 7/01/04	Inorogeo	(Dans)	Balances
General capital assets being depreciated:		<u>Increases</u>	(Decreases)	<u>6/30/05</u>
Buildings and improvements	6,000,000	42,146	-	6,042,146
Equipment	299,376	25,070	-	324,446
Furniture and fixtures	155,042	<u>-</u>		155,042
Total general capital assets being depreciated	6,454,418	67,216	•	6,521,634
Accumulated depreciation Total general capital assets	<u>(357,592</u>)	(233,130)		<u>(590,722</u>)
being depreciated, net	6,096,826	<u>(165,914</u>)		5,930,912
Governmental Activities, Net	<u>\$6.171.826</u>	<u>\$ (165,914</u>)	<u>\$</u>	\$6,005,912

Depreciation expense was charged to the following activities:

Governmental activities: Instructional activities Operation and maintenance of facilities	· .	2,252 0,878
	\$ 23	3,130

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM DEBT

WSFS and USDA Loan

In December 2001, MOT Charter School obtained a loan in the amount of \$3,000,000 at an interest rate of 6.75 percent to construct a one-story, 55,000 square foot school building. In March 2002, the School obtained an additional loan in the amount of \$3,000,000 at an interest rate of 4.75 percent from the USDA to aid in the construction of the school building. As of June 30, 2004, the School has drawn down all of the funds available. These loans mature September 2022 through March 2032.

Middletown Greenways Loan

In March 2002, MOT Charter School obtained a loan in the amount of \$60,000. This loan was used to purchase land situated in the Town of Middletown for use as part of the School site. This loan matures in March 2006. The loan is noninterest bearing; however, it has been discounted at an imputed interest rate of five percent.

WSFS Computer Loan

In December 2002, MOT Charter School obtained a loan in the amount of \$284,156 to purchase computers and computer networking equipment within the School. The loan was paid off during the current year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM DEBT (cont'd)

Insurance Premium Loan

In June 2003, the Rodell Corporation made a loan of \$7,186 to cover the cost of insurance premiums for salaried employees. This loan is noninterest bearing; however, it has been discounted at an imputed interest rate of five percent.

WSFS Loan

In April 2004, MOT Charter School obtained a loan in the amount of \$270,000 to assist with completion of the science lab and unexpected building repair costs within the School. The loan is being amortized over 60 months and matures in April 2009; the interest rate is prime rate plus one percent.

An analysis of debt service requirements to maturity on these obligations follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2006	\$ 183,279	\$ 326,261
2007	218,508	326,875
2008	215,536	314,847
2009	218,964	300,366
2010	178,694	288,395
2011-2015	1,074,535	1,260,908
2016-2020	1,457,034	878,409
2021-2025	1,282,496	406,718
2026-2030	793,828	176,372
2031-2032	322,887	14,164
	\$ 5,945,761	\$ 4,293.315

A schedule of changes in debt is as follows:

Governmental activities:	Outstanding 7/01/2004	Additions	Retirements	Outstanding 6/30/2005	Amounts Due within One Year
Notes payable Compensated absences	\$6,334,364 21,126	\$ - <u>23,716</u>	\$ (388,603)	\$5,945,761 <u>44,842</u>	\$183,279
Total Governmental Activities	\$6.355.490	<u>\$ 23.716</u>	<u>\$ (388.603</u>)	\$5,990,603	\$183.279

NOTE 5 PENSION PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u>

School employees are considered state employees and are covered under the State of Delaware Employees' Pension Plan, which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employees retirement system (the "State PERS"). The State of Delaware General

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 5 PENSION PLAN (cont'd)

Assembly is responsible for setting benefits and amending plan provisions. The State Board of Pension Trustees determines the contributions required. All eligible state employees are required to contribute to the pension plan according to Chapter 55, Title 29 of the Delaware Code.

All full-time and regular part-time employees are eligible to participate in the State PERS. The State PERS provides pension, disability and death benefits. Certain significant plan provisions follow:

- Early retirement:
 - a. 15 years service age 55
 - b. 25 years service any age
- Service retirement:
 - a. 15 years service age 60
 - b. 30 years service any age
 - c. 5 years service age 62
- Disability retirement:
 - a. 5 years service and proof of disability
- Vested pension an employee can vest pension rights after five years of service.

The State PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the State of Delaware Public Employee Retirement System, McArdle Building, Suite 1, 860 Silver Lake Boulevard, Dover, DE 19904, or by calling 1-800-722-7300.

Funding Policy

Employees of the School are required to contribute three percent of earnings in excess of \$6,000. The School's contribution to the State PERS for the year ended June 30, 2005 was \$233,352.

NOTE 6 RISK MANAGEMENT

The School has purchased commercial insurance policies for various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. Payments of premiums for these policies are recorded as expenses of the School. Insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in either of the past two years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

NOTE 7 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of business, there are outstanding various commitments and contingent liabilities in addition to the normal encumbrances for the purchase of goods and services. The School does not anticipate losses from these transactions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (cont'd)

Grants

The School receives significant financial assistance from federal agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the State Office of Auditor of Accounts. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund. The School's administration believes such disallowance, if any, would be immaterial.

NOTE 8 REQUIRED PRIMARY GOVERNMENT DISCLOSURES

The primary government requires a classification of receipts which differs from generally accepted accounting principles at the component unit/charter school level. The following are condensed government-wide financial statements as of and for the years ended June 30, 2005 and 2004:

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (Amounts expressed in thousands)

ASSETS	2005	2004
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 855	\$ 409
Due from primary government		26
Total Current Assets	<u>855</u>	435
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets, net of depreciation	5,931	6,097
Other noncurrent assets	75	75
Total Noncurrent Assets	6,006	6,172
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>6,861</u>	6,607
LIABILITIES:		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	-	19
Accrued liabilities	337	246
Due to State of Delaware - pension costs	46	30
Current portion of long-term debt	183	268
Total Current Liabilities	566	563

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 8 REQUIRED PRIMARY GOVERNMENT DISCLOSURES (cont'd)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (Amounts expressed in thousands)

Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences Notes payable Total Noncurrent Liabilities 5,762 5,807	21 <u>6,067</u>
Notes payable 5,762	
Notes payable	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities 5,807	
	6,088
TOTAL LIABILITIES6,373	<u>6,651</u>
NET ASSETS:	
Invested in capital assets, net	107
Unrestricted259	107
	(151)
TOTAL NET ASSETS \$ 487	(44)
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (Amounts expressed in thousands)	
	04
Total Exponent	
Total Expenses \$ (4.384) \$ (3	,831)
Total Expenses \$ (4,384) \$ (3	,831)
Total Expenses \$ (4,384) \$ (3 Program Revenues: Charges for services 143	,831) 132
Total Expenses \$ (4,384) \$ (3 Program Revenues: Charges for services 143	,831)
Total Expenses \$ (4,384) \$ (3 Program Revenues: Charges for services Net (Expenses) Revenues	,831) 132 ,699)
Total Expenses \$ (4,384) \$ (3 Program Revenues: Charges for services Net (Expenses) Revenues General Revenues: Payments from primary governments Investment earnings \$ (4,384) \$ (3 (4,241)	,831) 132 ,699)
Total Expenses \$ (4,384) \$ (3 Program Revenues: Charges for services Net (Expenses) Revenues General Revenues: Payments from primary governments Investment earnings Miscellaneous \$ (4,384) \$ (3 4,384) \$ (3 4,241) (3 4,241) (3	,831) 132 .699) ,606 8
Total Expenses Program Revenues: Charges for services Net (Expenses) Revenues General Revenues: Payments from primary governments Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total Consul Revenues: \$ (4,384) \$ (3) (4,241) (3) (4,241) (3)	,831) 132 ,699)
Total Expenses Program Revenues: Charges for services Net (Expenses) Revenues General Revenues: Payments from primary governments Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total Consul Revenues: \$ (4,384) \$ (3) (4,241) (3) (4,241) (3)	,831) 132 ,699) ,606 8 96
Total Expenses \$ (4,384) \$ (3) Program Revenues: Charges for services Net (Expenses) Revenues	,831) 132 ,699) ,606 8 96 ,710



MOT CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Variance with Final Budget	(Under)	\$ 224,496	14,206 424,146	(8,218)	(1,434)	706.086			(150,051)	2,535	(34,659)	10,000	(30, 560)	(49, 159)	(31,172) 815	5.632	23,173	(143,007)	(1,995)	(160,624)	2/6, 195	17 787	(17,787)		276, 195	139,852	\$ 416,047
Actual	Amounts	\$1,000,795	3,521,247	167,909 18,261	1,366	4,914,778		1 820 150	1,020,139 635,089	2,145	202,769 90.216	16,900	159,129	55,159	3/2,345 3,109	27,868	42,981	388,603	335,826	000 126	075, 156	17,787	(17,787)	200 100	076,156	139,852	\$ 471,772
	Final	\$ 776,299	3,097,101	777 10 /7	2,800 27,594	4,208,692		1.670.108	649,552	4,680	71,350	26,900	132,089	6,000	3,924	33,500	66,154	245,596	4,152,967	55.728		ı		56 226		1	\$ 55,725
Budgeted Amounts	Of Iginal	\$ 776,299 128.771	3,097,101		27,594	4,208,692		1,670,108	649,552	168,110	71,350	400,000	132,089	341,173	3,924	33,500	00, I34	245,596	4,152,967	. 55,725		ı		55,725	•		55,725
	REVENUES	Charges to school districts Charges for services	State ald Federal aid	Earning on cash and investments Contributions	Other local sources	- COOK MENEROLS	EXPENDITURES Current:	Salaries	Travel	Contractual services	Pubilc utilities service Insurance	Transportation - buses	canu/building/TaClilties Repairs and maintenance	Supplies and materials	<pre>computer/word processing software Capital Outlays:</pre>	Equipment Property	Debt Service:	rincipal Interest	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	Transfers out	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	SATS TO GUE SEND RAI ANCES	NAME TO THE PERSON OF THE PERS

NOTE: The school's budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.



MOT CHARTER SCHOOL COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2005

ASSETS	State <u>Allocation</u>	Local Funding	Federal Funding	<u>Totals</u>
Cash and investments	<u>\$ 52,235</u>	<u>\$ 737,751</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 789,986</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 52.235</u>	<u>\$ 737.751</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 789,896</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES:				
Accrued salaries	\$ -	\$ 336,946	\$ -	\$ 336,946
Due to State of Delaware - pension costs	·	46,375	· ·	46,375
Total Liabilities	-	383,321		383,321
FUND BALANCES:				
Reserved for encumbrances Restricted for:	62	4,650	-	4,712
General fund - textbooks/library Unreserved:	50,749	-	-	50,749
General fund	1,424	349,780	_	351,204
Total Fund Balances	52,235	354,430	-	406,665
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 52.235</u>	<u>\$ 737,751</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 789,896</u>

MOT CHARTER SCHOOL COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

REVENUES	State <u>Allocation</u>	Local Funding	Federal Funding	<u>Totals</u>
Charges to school districts	\$ -	\$1,000,795	\$ -	\$1,000,795
Charges for services	-	142,977	¥ -	142,977
State aid	3,521,247	-	_	3,521,247
Federal aid	-	_	167,909	167,909
Earning on cash and investments	-	17,894	-	17,894
Contributions	-	1,366	-	1,366
Other local sources		62,223	-	62,223
TOTAL REVENUES	3,521,247	1,225,255	167,909	4,914,411
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instructional services	2,090,824	515,070	167,909	2,773,803
Operation and maintenance	, ,,,,,,	0.0,0.0	107,707	2,773,003
of facilities	306,453	41,083	-	347,536
Transportation	430,290	270	-	430,560
Accounting and auditing	14,274	-	_	14,274
Food services	58,484	162,923	-	221,407
Capital Outlays:				
Equipment	23,735	4,133	-	27,868
Property	-	42,981	-	42,981
Debt service:				
Principal	248,572	140,031	-	388,603
Interest	<u>317,276</u>	<u> 18,550</u>	-	335,826
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>3,489,908</u>	925,041	167,909	4,582,858
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	31,339	300,214	-	331,553
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(17,787)	_		(17.707)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(17,787)			<u>(17,787)</u> <u>(17,787)</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	13,552	300,214	-	313,766
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	38,683	<u>54,216</u>		92,899
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 52.235	\$ 354,430	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 406,665</u>

MOT CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BY NATURAL CLASSIFICATION - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Current: Salaries \$1,820,159 **Employment costs** 635,089 Travel 2,145 Contractual services 202,769 Public utilities service 90,216 Insurance 16,900 Transportation - buses 430,560 Land/building/facilities 159,129 Repairs and maintenance 55,159 Supplies and materials 372,345 Computer/word processing software 3,109 Capital Outlays: Equipment 27,868

EXPENDITURES

Property

42,981

Dover, Delaware 800.355.8210

Media, Pennsylvania 610.565.5222 INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON
INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

202 Bancroft Building 3411 Silverside Road Wilmington, Delaware 19810 302.478.8940

> FAX: 302.478.0133 www.btcpa.com info@btcpa.com

July 29, 2005

Board of Directors MOT Charter School Middletown, Delaware

We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of MOT Charter School, Middletown, Delaware as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 29, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered MOT Charter School's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the basic financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether MOT Charter School's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.



Board of Directors MOT Charter School

This report is intended for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the Department of Education, Office of the Governor, Office of the Controller General, Office of Attorney General, Office of Management and Budget, Office of Auditor of Accounts and the Department of Finance; and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, under 29 Del. C., Section 10002(d), this report is a public record and its distribution is not limited.

BARBACANE, THORNTON & COMPANY

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MOT CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None.

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

None.